Identification and Description of farm animals

These depending on major notes they are:-

- 1-The presences of marks on the body.
- 2-Heredity marks on the body
- 3-Acquired marks on the body

Purpose of identification and description are:

- 1-To prevent change of animals within same species.
- 2-To identification the animals which vaccinated and inspection from other.
- 3-To identification the stallion which use in artificial insemination &female in estrus cycle
- 4-To identification the animals with high production from others in farm. 5-To recording all marks of animals.
- 6- To identification the animals which bought from other country
 7-To mention each animal characteristic when having an insure on it with countries that follow the system of animals in sureness

Type of identification

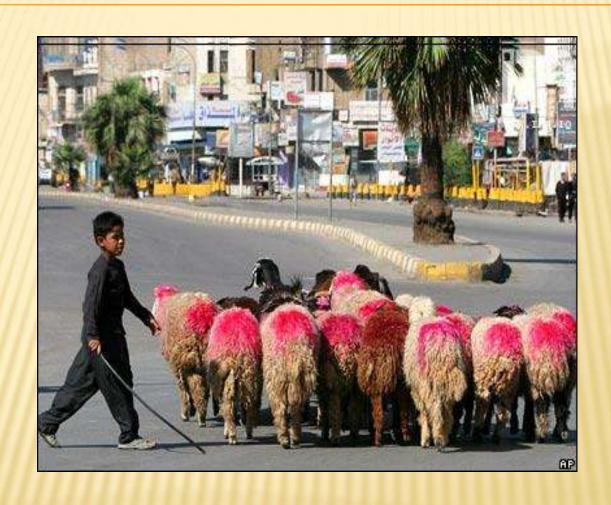
They are tow type are:-

1-collective identification.

2-Individual identification

The collective identification

That mean painting the animals on any part on the body of animal which selected by the owner ,specially use to sheep's flock and not best than individual identification







The individual identification

This type is the best and depending on the following note

- 1-Nam of animal.
- 2-Number.
- 3-Species.
- 4-Breed.
- 5-Sex.
- 6-Age.
- 7-Heigh.
- 8-color.
- 9-Marks.
 - a-On the head.
 - b-On the trunk or body.
 - c-On the legs or limbs.
- 10-Acquired marks

Identification of Equines (Horse)

- 1-Nam of animal----Tom.
- 2-Number.

-The numbering can doing by :-

a-Branding—Firing الكي

This type done on the upper part of the hoof under the coronet b-Tattooing

This type of numbering done on the Gum or on the upper lips and on the External I ear by Tattooing machines

3-Species-----Equines *

BRANDING-FIRING



TATTOOING



TATTOOING



TATTOOING



4-Breed

Like the Arabian horse & American horse.

5-Sex-----Male or Female.

6-Age --

The aging of Equines can do by :-

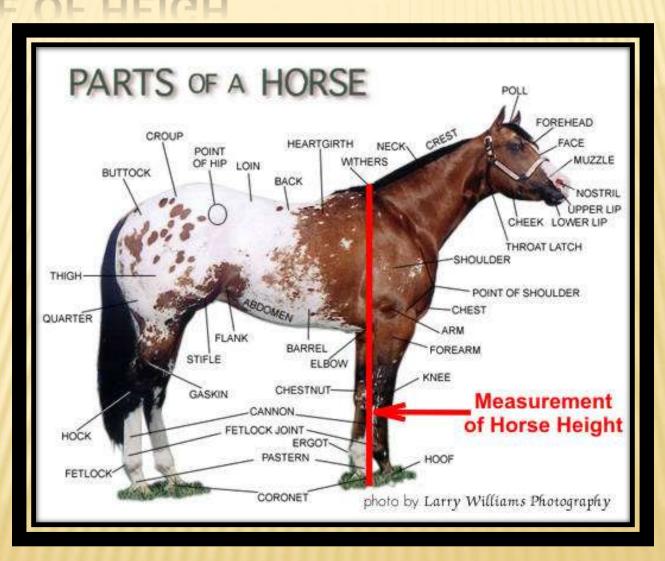
a-Dentition.

b-The number of parturition

7-Heigh ---

This point can measured by special scale, use tow point from the body of horse, *upper point from wither and* lower point from the end part of hoof.

SCALE OF HEIGH





SCALE OF HEIGH



SCALE OF HEIGH



8-color

The main color of horses are :-

a-Black b-Black-Brown, c-Choclate, d-Bay, e-Chestnut,

f-Grey(Double-grey, Flea-bitten grey, Steeled grey)

g-Dun(Blue-dun, Yellow-dun) h-Cream

BLACK



CHOCOLAT



BLACK-BROWN





CHESTNUT



GREY



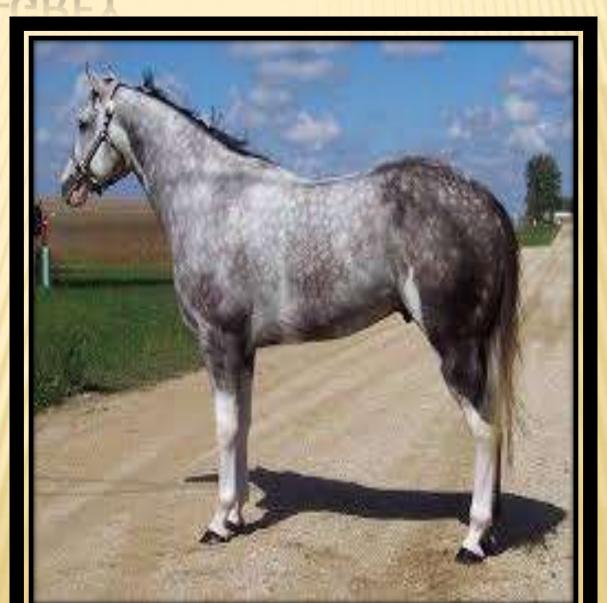
STEELED -GREY



FLEA-BITTING GREY



DOUBLE-GREY



BLUE-DUN



YELLOW-DUN



GREAM

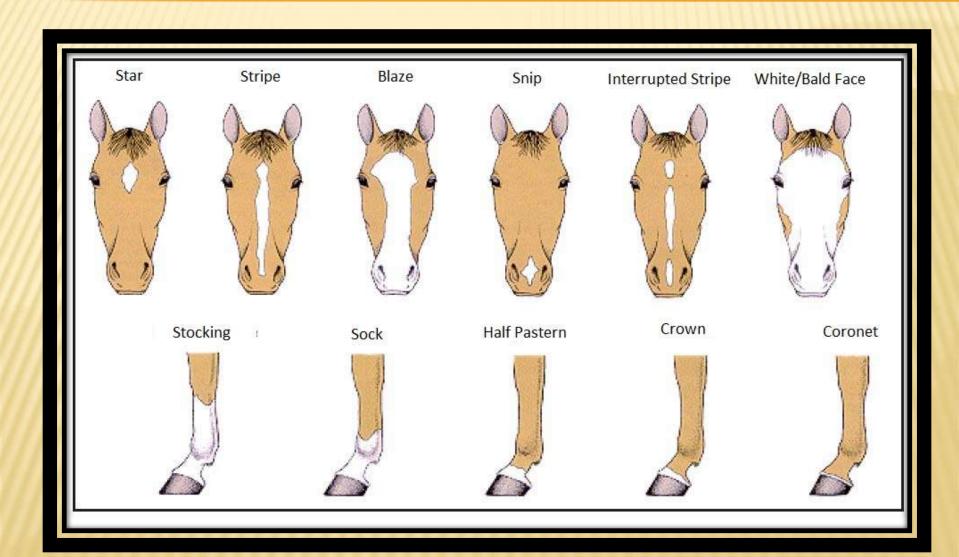


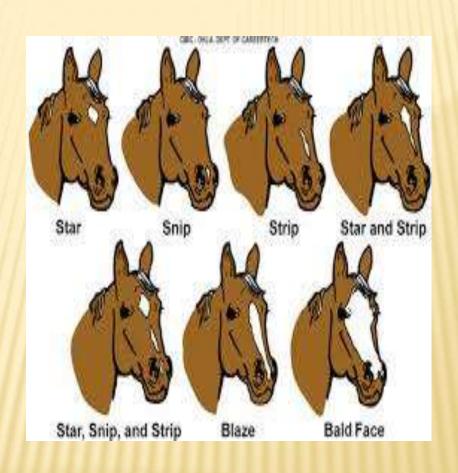
9-Marks:-

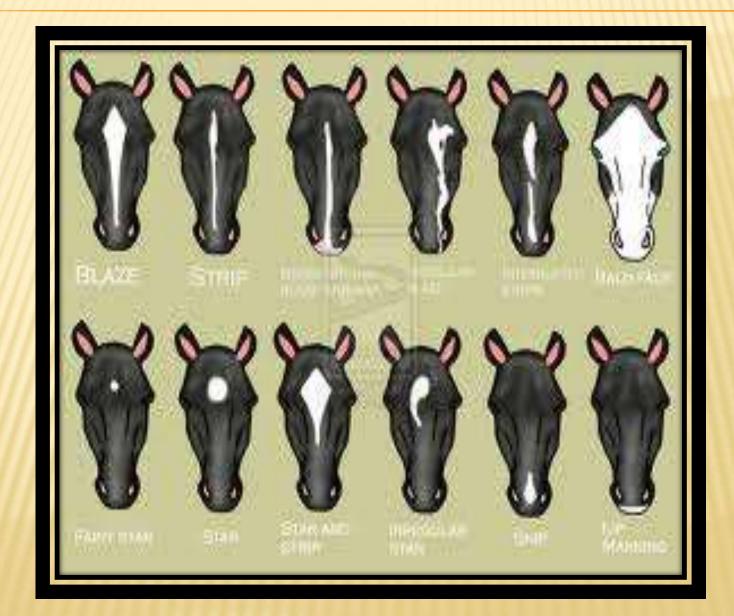
There are three marks on horse:-

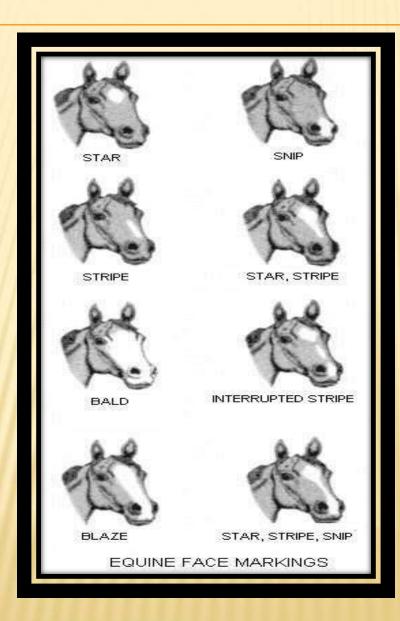
A-Marks on the head they are:-

- *-Star. *-Stripe. *-Blaze. *-White face.
- *Snip . *-White Muzzle

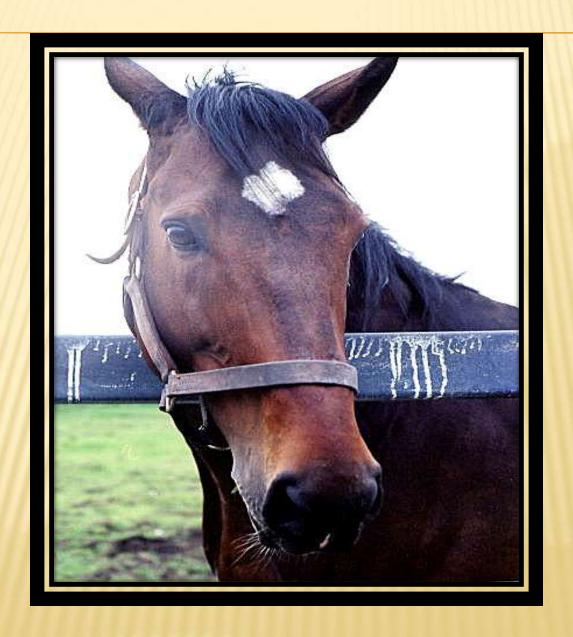








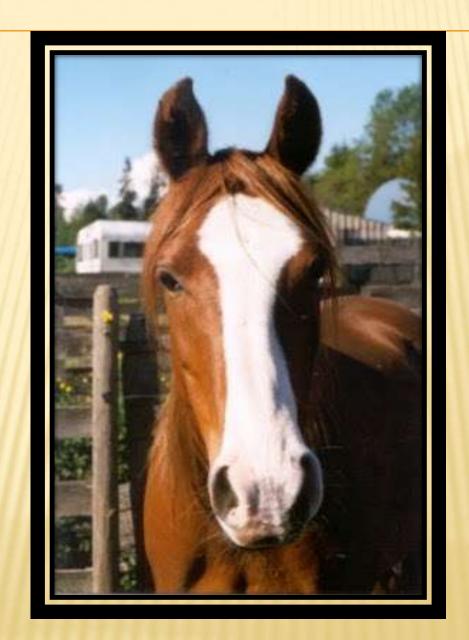
STAR



STRIPE



BLAZE



WHITE FACE



SNIP



B-Marks on the trunk or the body are:-

- *-The flecks.
- * -The spots

- *-Black marks,
- *-The patch.

THE FLECKS MARK



THE FLECKS MARK



THE SPOTS



THE PATCH



THE SPOTS



THE PATCH

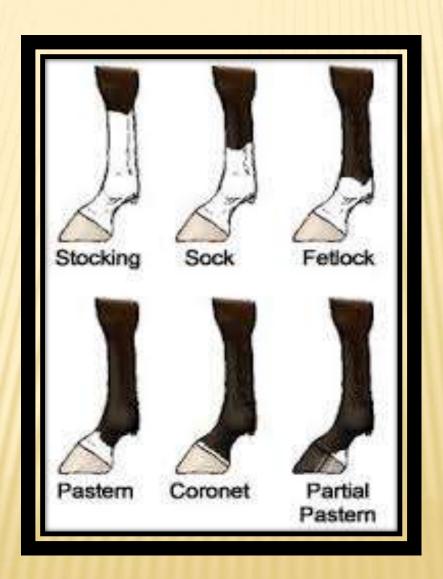


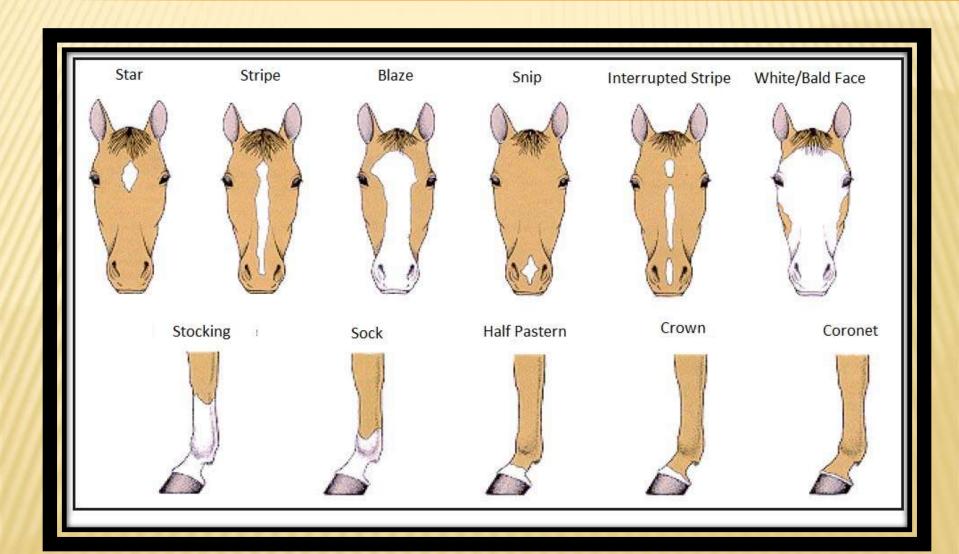
C-Marks on the legs or limbs are:-

- *-White hoof
- *White pastern
 - *Sock

- *-White coronet
- *White fetlock
- & *Stocking.

HORSE LEG MARKINGS CORONET WHITE HEEL HALF PASTERN **PASTERN** ANKLE HALF SOCK FULL SOCK HIGH SOCK **<u>EQUINEST</u>**





10-Acquired marks

- * Like saddle marks,
- * Bridle marks
- *Branding-firing &Tattooing marks
- * collar marks.

SADDLE MARK



BRIDLE MARKS



COLLAR MARKS.

